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UNITED STATES CURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number. 3235-0123 Expires: September 30, 1998

Estimated average burden hours per response . . . 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8- 31883

Securities Exchange	Act of 1934 and Rul	e 1/a-5 1 hereunde	ET .
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	1/1/01	_ AND ENDING	12/31/01
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			
Benchmark Capital Corporation			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
			FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	IESS: (Do not use P.O. E	Sox No.)	
4053 Maple Road, Suite 200			
	(No. and Street)	,	
Amherst	New York		14226
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER Steven J. Longo			(716) 833-4986 Area Code — Telephone No.)
B. ACCO	DUNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who Chiampou Travis & Dansa LLP	ose opinion is contained in	n this Report*	
(Name	— if individual, state last, first, midd	lle name)	
5110 Main Street, Suite 215	Williamsville	New York	14221
(Address)	(City)	(State)	Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United S	tates or any of its possess	sions.	PROCESSED
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		MAR 2 0 2002
			THOMSON

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Steven J. Longo	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best	of my knowledge and belief the accompanying fir Benchmark Capital Corporation	nancial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	December 31 .XX9 2001, are true	and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
	iny partner, proprietor, principal officer or director	has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of
a cus	stomer, except as follows:	
		Oliver Colored
		Signature
		· Jongo
		View President
,	~ 1	A 100 mm
$\overline{}$	X chrah M XX	
	Notary Public DEBORAH M. FOX	
	NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF NEW YORK	
	QUALIFIED IN ERIE COUNTY 2002	
This	My Commission Expires July 7 report** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
X	(a) Facing page.	
	(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	• '
	(e) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinal	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
X	(g) Computation of Net Capital	
	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Re	· •
_	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or con	
		ation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the e Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
		dited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-
_	solidation.	
X	(l) An Oath or Affirmation.	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	(n) A report describing any material inadequacies for	ound to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedule
For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 with
Independent Auditors' Report and
Supplemental Report on Internal Control

Filed in accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) as a PUBLIC DOCUMENT

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Chiampou Travis & Dansa LLP

Charles W. Chiampou, CPA, JD Robert J. Travis, CPA Michael J. Dansa, CPA Eugene G. Kershner, CPA Kelly G. Besaw, CPA, CVA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Benchmark Capital Corporation Amherst, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Benchmark Capital Corporation as of December 31, 2001, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and of cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Benchmark Capital Corporation at December 31, 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

en how ! Danse LLP

February 18, 2002

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2001

ASSETS			

Cash Prepaid expenses		\$ 8,024 1,750	
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 9,774	_

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIAB	LITIE	ES:		

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	812
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STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Common stock - \$1 par value; 300 shares authorized,	
issued and outstanding	300
Additional paid-in capital	78,048
Accumulated deficit	(69,386)
Total stockholders' equity	8,962

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 9,774
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 9,774

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

REVENUES: Other revenue - interest income	\$ 136
EXPENSES:	
Regulatory fees and expenses	1,091
Administrative expense - legal	1,161
Other expenses	2,399
Licenses and taxes	325
Total expenses	4,976
NET LOSS	\$ (4,840)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

	Common	Common Stock				Additional Paid-In Accumulat		
	Shares	An	nount	(Capital		Deficit	
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2001	300	\$	300	\$	73,365	\$	(64,546)	
Capital contributions	-		-		4,683		-	
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2001			-		<u>-</u>		(4,840)	
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2001	300	\$	300	\$	78,048	\$	(69,386)	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$	(4,840)
Prepaid expenses		(1,750)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		487
Net cash used in operating activities		(6,103)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital contributions from stockholders		4,683
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(1,420)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		9,444
CASH, END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	8,024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Company Background - Benchmark Capital Corporation ("the Company") is an NASD/SEC/New York registered broker-dealer created to market limited partnerships on both a retail and wholesale basis. The Company was not active as a broker/dealer in 2001.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company must comply with the Uniform Net Capital Rule under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which provides that aggregate indebtedness, as defined, may not exceed 15 times net capital (generally Company capital less reductions for assets not readily convertible into cash at full value). There are restrictions on a broker-dealer's operations if aggregate indebtedness exceeds 10 times net capital.

At December 31, 2001, the Company's net capital and required net capital (as defined) were \$7,212 and \$5,000, respectively. The ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was approximately .11 to 1.

3. RESERVE REQUIREMENT

Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 provides a formula for the maintenance by broker-dealers of reserves in connection with customer related transactions and standards for broker-dealers regarding the physical possession or control of fully-paid and excess margin securities.

There are allowable exemptions to the Rule provided that certain conditions are met. Due to the nature of the Company's business (See Note 1) these conditions are satisfied and the Company claims an exemption under subparagraph (k)(2)(A) of the Rule.

* * * * * *

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2001

TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FROM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	\$ 8,962
DEDUCTIONS:	44 ==0)
Non-allowable assets - prepaid expenses	(1,750)
NET CAPITAL	\$ 7,212
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT:	
Net capital requirement (greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness [\$54] or \$5,000)	\$ 5,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$ 2,212
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 812
RATIO: AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	.11 to 1

There are no material differences between the above computation of net capital and the Respondent's computation included in the unaudited Part II A of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2001. Accordingly, no reconciliation of the two computations is deemed necessary.

Charles W. Chiampou, CPA, JD Robert J. Travis, CPA Michael J. Dansa, CPA Eugene G. Kershner, CPA Kelly G. Besaw, CPA, CVA

♦ Chiampou Travis & Dansa LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 17a-5

Board of Directors Benchmark Capital Corporation Amherst, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Benchmark Capital Corporation ("the Company") for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

February 18, 2002

Chiangen how & Dansa LLP